

Skara Brae & Stanehenge

Enguiry Question What are the key changes in Britain from Store

What do I already know?

- SOME of you have explored aspects of this unit e.g. hunters & gathers, woolly mammoths and cave paintings.
- All of you understand that things change overtime e.g. transport and toys.

Key Learning Journey

- 1. What is pre-historic history and how do we know about it?
- 2. What do primary sources tell us about life in the Stone Age period?
- 3. What is Skara Brae and where is it located?
- 4. What does Skara Brae tell us about life in Britain at that time?
- 5. When and why did early farming begin and how do we know about it?
- 6. What is Stonehenge and where is it located?

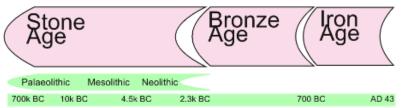
Key Dates

- 1. 3180BC 2500BC people were living in Skara Brae.
- 2. 3500BC People began to make simple pottery and farming began to spread.
- 3. 3100BC The construction of Stonehenge began.
- 4. 3000BC People start to use horses as a mode of transport.
- 5. 800BC Hillforts are constructed and used as a method of defence.
- 6. In 1620, Stonehenge was excavated.
- 7. In 1850, Skara Brae was discovered.

Sticky Knowledge

- I know that Skara Brae was the start of people in Britain living in villages – settlements.
- I know that Skara Brae was built before Stonehenge.
- I know that at the end of the Stone Age period, early farming began.
- I know that at the time that Stonehenge was built, people were commonly farmers and herders.

| primary source – a | farmers - someone who | Palaeolithic & Mesolithic | |
|---------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|
| historical source that | grows plants and raises | periods – during these times, | |
| provides original | animals for human use. | humans were hunter- | 1 |
| information. | | gatherers meaning they had | 7 |
| physical landmark - | village – a place where | to catch or find everything | |
| somewhere that is easily | people live as a community | they ate. They also moved | |
| recognised by many people | and share resources. | around a lot rather than | Pal |
| e.g. Big Ben. | | having a settled 'home'. | 700k 8 |
| excavated – discovering | extinction – a species has | Nealithic period - humans | |
| something as a result of | disappeared from Earth due | used stone as tools, learnt | |
| digging. | to dying out. | how to grow crops and | |
| | | tame animals. They also | |
| | | lived in villages. | |





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Enquiry Question What are the key changes in Britain from Store Age – Iron Age and what evidence do we have to show this?

| | hat knowledge do I have elp me with this unit? | | Check-Out Task learnt throughou | - What knowledge have I it this unit? |
|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| The toys that children play with have changed over time. | T F | <image/> <image/> <image/> <image/> | Skara Brae was the start of people living in villages. | T F |
| Are woolly mammoths alive today? | | | Which came fir. Stonehenge o. Skara Brae? Hi do you know | r DW |
| How did people in the Stone Age create art? | | | When did farm begin in Britai At the time | 0 |
| Thousands of years ago, people lived like we do today. | T F | | that Stonehenge was built, people in Britain were hunters and gathers. | T F |